YOUTH SINGERS OF CALGARY SOCIETY Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Youth Singers of Calgary Society

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Youth Singers of Calgary Society (the 'Society'), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2024, and the statements of revenues and expenses, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Society as at June 30, 2024, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations ('ASNPO').

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many charitable organizations, the Society derives revenue from fundraising activities the completeness of which is not susceptible of satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Society. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to fundraising revenue, deficiency of revenues over expenses, and cash flows from operations for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation of scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Society in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with ASNPO, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Society's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Society or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Youth Singers of Calgary Society (continued)

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Society's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as
 fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
 internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Society's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Society's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Society to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Calgary, Alberta October 30, 2024

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

Buchanan Bary LLP





Statement of Financial Position

June 30, 2024

		2024	2023
ASSETS			
CURRENT Cash Accounts receivable Goods and services tax recoverable Prepaid expenses and deposits	\$	538,894 266,563 21,367 17,885	\$ 661,175 262,546 12,225 12,068
		844,709	948,014
TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS (Note 3)		2,426,389	2,431,466
	\$	3,271,098	\$ 3,379,480
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue Employee deductions payable Deferred contributions (Note 4) Mortgages payable (Note 5) Current portion of long-term debt	\$	122,768 255,685 25,753 88,693 1,200,000 - 1,692,899	\$ 89,382 388,373 10,073 116,588 1,200,000 40,000
DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS FOR TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS			
(Note 7)		968,937	962,036
	_	2,661,836	2,806,452
NET ASSETS			
UNRESTRICTED		279,462	224,989
INTERNALLY RESTRICTED		154,396	127,796
INVESTED IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS		175,404	220,243
		609,262	573,028
	\$	3,271,098	\$ 3,379,480

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Signed by:

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Signed by:

Director

Director

Statement of Revenues and Expenses

		2024	2023
REVENUES			
Administration and expense recoveries	\$	6,387	\$ 57,045
Booking		53,615	32,430
Building		30,885	20,082
Donations and grants (Note 9)		253,701	206,110
Fundraising (Note 11)		217,591	123,770
Gaming		436,142	310,976
General		19,563	12,386
Government grants and subsidies (Note 8)		120,680	204,363
In-kind donations		5,635	18,814
Interest		9,853	12,816
Recognition of facility, equipment, and wardrobe levies		26,600	24,125
Ticket sales		103,782	148,687
Tour		115,259	165,560
Tuition		483,933	416,092
		1,883,626	1,753,256
EXPENSES		,	, ,
Administration		139,406	74,542
Building		97,319	75,015
Contract staff		524,510	474,424
Fundraising (Note 11)		74,289	72,869
Gaming		58,109	51,414
In-kind donations		4,893	5,880
Insurance		23,673	22,653
Interest and bank charges		25,606	27,823
Interest and bank charges Interest on mortgages		63,000	51,000
Merchandise costs		14,718	29,538
Professional fees		48,964	61,475
Program costs		178,862	165,973
		382,942	451,605
Salaries and wages Tour		302,942 110,437	163,473
1041		1,746,728	1,727,684
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES FROM OPERATIONS		136,898	25,572
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)			
Recognition of deferred contributions for tangible capital			
assets (Note 7)		64,915	60,127
Gain (loss) on foreign exchange		(3,498)	2,453
Legal settlement		(50,000)	-
Amortization of tangible capital assets	_	(112,081)	(105,143)
		(100,664)	(42,563)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	\$	36,234	\$ (16,991)

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

	Unrestricted		cted Internally Restricted		•		2024	2023
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$	224,989	\$	127,796	\$	220,243 \$	573,028	\$ 590,019
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses		81,073		-		(44,839)	36,234	(16,991)
Transfer of unrestricted funds to reserve (Note 12)		(26,600)		26,600		-	_	<u>-</u>
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	279,462	\$	154,396	\$	175,404 \$	609,262	\$ 573,028

Statement of Cash Flows

	2024	2023
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	\$ 36,234	\$ (16,991)
Items not affecting cash: Amortization of tangible capital assets	112,081	105,143
Amortized contributions	(64,915)	(60,127)
Amortized contributions	 (04,313)	(00, 127)
	 83,400	28,025
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
Accounts receivable	(4,017)	(158,539)
Goods and services tax recoverable	(9,142)	(368)
Prepaid expenses and deposits	(5,817)	14,136
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	33,386	46,289
Deferred revenue	(132,688)	203,672
Employee deductions payable Deferred contributions	15,680 (27,895)	154 24,494
Deterred contributions	 (27,033)	24,434
	 (130,493)	129,838
	 (47,093)	157,863
INVESTING ACTIVITY		
Purchase of tangible capital assets	 (107,004)	(49,187)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from deferred capital contributions	71,816	-
Repayment of long-term debt	 (40,000)	
	 31,816	
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(122,281)	108,676
CASH - Beginning of year	 661,175	552,499
CASH - End of year	\$ 538,894	\$ 661,175

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

1. NATURE OF THE ORGANIZATION

The Youth Singers of Calgary (the "Society") was incorporated as a society under the Alberta Business Corporations Act of Alberta on October 19, 1983. The Society is a registered charity under section 149(1) of the Income Tax Act of Canada and is exempt from corporate income tax.

The purpose of the Society is to operate a comprehensive choral program for all ages.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Society have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations ("ASNPO"). The financial statements have, in management's opinion, been properly prepared using careful judgment with reasonable limits of materiality and within the framework of the significant accounting policies summarized below:

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include balances with banks and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less. Cash subject to restrictions that prevent its use for current purposes is included in restricted cash.

Goods and services tax

Good and service tax is recoverable at 50% as a rebate. The unrecoverable portion is recorded as an expense with the rebate treated as receivable.

Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. Contributed tangible capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. Tangible capital assets are amortized over their estimated useful life using the following rates and methods:

Building20 yearsstraight-lineEquipment and furniture5 yearsstraight-lineParking lot15 yearsstraight-line

The Society regularly reviews its tangible capital assets to eliminate obsolete items.

Tangible capital assets acquired during the year but not placed into use are not amortized until they are placed into use.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2024

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition

The Society follows the deferral method of accounting for externally restricted contributions.

- Externally restricted contributions include donations and grants, gaming revenues and government grants and subsidies received for specified purposes. These are recognized as revenue at the time the allowable expenses are incurred.
- Externally restricted contributions related to tangible capital assets are recognized into revenue over the useful life of the related asset.
- Externally restricted contributions received for the purchase of tangible capital assets that will not be amortized are recorded as a direct increase to net assets.
- Unrestricted contributions include general donations, operating grants and fundraising. These
 are recognized as revenue when received or receivable, if the amount received can be
 reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.
- Tour revenues and expenses are recognized when received or paid, as these funds are nonrefundable. If the amount is received more than a year in advance, revenue is recorded in the year the tour takes place.
- Tuition, booking, general, adminstration, and building revenue as well as ticket sales and
 merchandise sales are recognized once the service has been performed, or the merchandise
 has been sold, if the amount receivable can be reasonably estimated and collection is
 reasonably assured.
- Interest income is recognized when it is received.

Contributed materials and services

Contributed services and donated goods are recognized in the financial statements as expense recoveries or in-kind donations when the fair value can be reasonably determined, when the goods are used in the normal course of the Society's operations and would otherwise have been purchased. A number of volunteers have made significant contributions of their time to the Society. The value of this contributed time is not reflected in the financial statements.

Foreign currency translation

Accounts in foreign currencies have been translated into Canadian dollars using the temporal method. Under this method, monetary assets and liabilities have been translated at the year end exchange rate. Non-monetary assets have been translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the date of transaction. Revenues and expenses have been translated at the average rates of exchange during the year, except for amortization, which has been translated at the same rate as the related assets.

Foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets and liabilities are included in the determination of income.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2024

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

Measurement

The Society initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value, except for certain related party transactions which are measured at the carrying value or exchange amount. The Society subsequently measures all financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except equity instruments quoted in an active market, which are reported at fair value with any unrealized gains and losses reported in net income.

Financial assets subsequently measured at amortized cost include cash and accounts receivable.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and mortgages payable.

Impairment

Financial assets subsequently measured at amortized cost are tested for impairment when there are indications that an impairment exists. The amount of write-down is recognized as an impairment loss in excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses. A previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of an improvement, provided it is not greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses in the period the reversal occurs.

Transaction costs

The Society recognizes transaction costs on financial instruments subsequently measured at fair value in the statement of revenues and expenses in the period incurred. Financial instruments subsequently measured at amortized cost are adjusted for financing fees and transaction costs which are directly attributable to the origination and acquisition of the financial instrument.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with ASNPO requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions include the estimated useful life of tangible capital assets and deferred contributions related to tangible capital assets for amortization purposes, the fair value of contributed materials and services and the net recoverable amount of accounts receivable. By their nature, these estimates are subject to measurement uncertainty, and the effect on the financial statements of changes in such estimates in future periods could be significant.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

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TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	Cost	2024 Cost Accumulated Net book N amortization value						Net book		ted Net book Net book			Net book
Land Building Equipment and furniture Parking lot	\$ 700,000 2,115,915 65,325 77,800	\$	- 525,814 2,083 4,754	\$	700,000 1,590,101 63,242 73,046	\$	700,000 1,682,280 49,186						
	\$ 2,959,040	\$	532,651	\$	2,426,389	\$	2,431,466						

During fiscal 2023, the Society purchased equipment of \$49,186. This equipment is not being used, therefore no amortization has been recorded on the equipment as of June 30, 2024.

4. DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS

	 2023	Fur	nds received	Fur	nds utilized	2024
Deferred gaming (a)	\$ 33,335	\$	320,399	\$	(312,630) \$	41,104
Capital campaign (b)	309		2,480		-	2,789
Designated grants (c)	80,816		47,300		(83,316)	44,800
Bursary fund (d)	 2,128		11,680		(13,808)	-
	\$ 116,588	\$	381,859	\$	(409,754) \$	88,693

- (a) Included in deferred gaming is bingo and gaming funds totaling \$41,104 (2023 \$33,335). Gaming funds are externally restricted by the Alberta Gaming and Liquor Commission for stipulated spending purposes.
- (b) During the year, the Society utilized \$Nil (2023 \$12,300) of the funds restricted for the purpose of assisting with administrative tasks to pay for a capital campaign with the purpose of raising additional funds to pay down the mortgages on the facility.
- (c) Designated grants primarily include government grants restricted for various facility enhancements at year end.
- (d) Bursary fund includes amounts restricted to support members who cannot make full tuition or volunteer requirements.

5. MORTGAGES PAYABLE

The Society has two mortgages for a total mortgages payable balance of \$1,200,000 in aggregate (2023 - \$1,200,000), both bearing interest at 6.25% (2023 - 4.25%) per annum and due on demand. The mortgages are subject to quarterly interest only payments of \$9,375 (2023 - \$6,375) each and have no scheduled principal payments. Each mortgage is secured by a land mortgage creating a first financial charge on the lands in the principal sum of the loan executed by the borrowers, and fire and liability insurance with the first loss payable to the lender. The mortgages were renegotiated during the year and now mature on December 5, 2026 at which point the full principal sum of \$1,200,000 is due.

Total carrying amount for the land and building for the year ended June 30, 2024 is \$2,290,101 (2023 - \$2,382,280).

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

6. LINE OF CREDIT

The Society has a line of credit agreement with Alberta Treasury Branch ("ATB") whereby it may borrow up to \$100,000 (2023 - \$100,000) at a rate of prime plus 5.47% per annum. The line of credit is secured by a General Security Agreement over all present and after-acquired personal property. As at June 30, 2024, the balance outstanding on the line of credit is \$Nil (2023 - \$Nil).

7. DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS FOR TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

Restricted contributions received for the purchase of tangible capital assets are deferred and recognized as revenue on the same basis the related tangible capital assets are amortized. Capital contributions allocated to land will not be amortized and are recorded as a direct increase to net assets.

	 2024	2023
Balance from prior year Current year capital contributions Recognized as revenue	\$ 962,036 71,816 (64,915)	\$ 1,022,163 - (60,127)
	\$ 968,937	\$ 962,036

8. GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES

 2024		2023
\$ -	\$	60,532
45,000		45,000
-		2,000
75,680		93,800
 -		3,031
\$ 120,680	\$	204,363
\$ 	45,000 - 75,680 -	\$ - \$ 45,000 - 75,680

9. DONATIONS AND GRANTS

	 2024	2023
Individual donations	\$ 53,953	\$ 73,394
Corporate donations	58,440	50,585
Foundation donations	25,288	82,131
Calgary Shaw Charity Classic Foundation	16,265	-
Calgary Foundation	85,000	-
Calgary Arts and Developments	 14,755	-
	\$ 253,701	\$ 206,110

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

10. DUE TO RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Society paid \$89,250 (2023 - \$87,125) in consulting fees to the Chief Development Officer, and \$38,000 (2023 - \$38,000) for artistic contract services provided by a member of the Chief Development Officer's family. The Society also paid \$9,000 (2023 - \$Nil) for artistic contract services provided by another member of the Chief Development Officer's family. These transactions are recorded to contract staff and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

11. NET INCOME FROM FUNDRAISING ACTIVITIES AND OTHER EVENTS

The fundraising activities summary below includes donation and grant revenue as well as ancillary revenues and expenses that appear separately on the statement of revenues and expenses.

	Revenue			Expense	Net	
2024 Hearts Out Purdy's Chocolates Fundraising buyouts Other	\$	171,905 13,935 18,574 13,177	\$	61,145 25 - 13,119	\$	110,760 13,910 18,574 58
	\$	217,591	\$	74,289	\$	143,302
2023 Hearts Out Purdy's Chocolates Fundraising buyouts	\$	178,739 12,649 21,496 212,884	\$	57,798 - - - 57,798	\$	120,941 12,649 21,496 155,086

12. TRANSFER OF NET ASSETS

During the year the Society transferred \$26,600 (2023 - \$24,125) into internally restricted funds for use for facility, equipment, and wardrobe expenses.

13. FUNDRAISING

As required under section 7(2) of the Charitable Fundraising Regulations of Alberta, the following amounts are disclosed:

Direct costs incurred for the purpose of soliciting contributions:

\$5,763 (2023 - \$4,227).

Amounts paid as remuneration to employees whose principal duties involve fundraising:

\$117,969 (2023 - \$97,125).

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2024

14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Society is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. The following analysis provides information about the Society's risk exposure and concentration as of June 30, 2024.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that third parties may default on their financial obligations. The Society is exposed to credit risk on cash and accounts receivable.

The Society's credit risk exposure on cash is minimized substantially by ensuring that cash is held with a credible financial institution.

The Society's accounts receivable are due from a diverse group of customers and as such are subject to normal credit risks.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Society is currently exposed to liquidity risk to the extent that its mortgages are due on demand. This risk is minimized by the fact that management is confident the funding would be able to be obtained elsewhere should the mortgagor demand repayment.

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments denominated in currencies other than the reporting currency of the Society will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Society is exposed to currency exchange risk on \$2,160 (2023 - \$6,958) of cash.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2024

14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

• Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in the interest rates. The Society is exposed to interest rate risk primarily through the mortgages payable which carry a fixed rate of interest of 6.25% (2023 - 4.25%).

Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Society is not exposed to significant other price risk.

15. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Some of the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

- a) Fundraising revenue was reduced by \$53,969 and ticket sales, booking revenue, and general revenue were increased by \$9,153, \$32,430, and \$12,386, respectively.
- b) Administration expense was reduced by \$61,475 and professional fees was increased by \$61,475.
- c) Registration fees have been renamed to tuition in the current year.